《第六版新冠肺炎诊疗方案发布！诊断标准发生了哪些变化？》

据新华社电 国家卫健委19日发布《新型冠状病毒肺炎诊疗方案(试行第六版)》，在第五版诊疗方案的基础上，对传播途径、临床表现、治疗等多方面内容进行了修改细化，诊断标准取消了湖北省和湖北省以外其他省份的区别，统一分为“ 疑似病例 ”和“ 确诊病例 ”两类。

2?18????????????????????????????????(????????)

The latest version of the plan abolished different epidemic-related standards inside and outside the epicenter of Hubei province, and will only identify "suspected cases" and "confirmed cases" across the country.

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transmission and close contact transmission)?“??”???“??”?????“????????????????????????????????(aerosol transmission of the novel coronavirus is possible if one is exposed to a highly concentrated mixture in an enclosed area for an extended period)?”

???????????????“???????????????(develop rapidly into Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome)??????(septic shock)????????????(difficult-to-tackle metabolic acidosis)????????(bleeding and coagulation dysfunction)”??????“???????(multiple organ failure)”?

???????????????(treatment of patients displaying serious or critical symptoms)??????????(infusions of blood plasma from recovered patients)???????????????

???????????????“???????”??14?????????(recovered patients should monitor health conditions and continue to quarantine themselves for 14 days)??2???4?????????(at the second and fourth week after being discharged, they are supposed to revisit the hospital and undergo a checkup)?

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????????? leave no household, no one behind

?????? raise the hospital admission capacity

?????? improve treatment for patients

??????? front line of the battle against the epidemic

简答网 —jiandongshicai.cn—