

《中考英语阅读理解专项训练及答案（20）》

The Great Barrier Reef is one of the most stunning natural wonders in the world. Located off the coast of Queensland, Australia, it stretches over 2,300 kilometers and is home to a diverse range of marine life.

The reef is made up of intricate coral formations that provide habitat for thousands of species, including fish, turtles, dolphins, and even whales. It is like an underwater paradise, with its vibrant colors and breathtaking beauty attracting millions of tourists each year.

However, this magnificent ecosystem is facing numerous challenges. Climate change, pollution, and overfishing are all threatening the health of the Great Barrier Reef. Rising water temperatures due to climate change have led to coral bleaching, a process where corals lose their colorful algae and turn white. This not only affects the appearance of the reef but also disrupts the delicate balance of the ecosystem.

Pollution from land-based activities, such as agriculture and urban development, has also had a negative impact on the reef. Excess nutrients from fertilizers can cause algal blooms, which reduce the amount of sunlight reaching the corals and suffocate them. Additionally, the use of harmful chemicals and plastics has further polluted the waters and harmed marine life.

Overfishing poses another significant threat. The removal of large predatory fish disrupts the natural food chain and can lead to imbalances within the ecosystem. It also reduces the resilience of the reef, making it more susceptible to other threats.

Efforts are being made to protect and preserve the Great Barrier Reef. The Australian government has implemented strict regulations and fishing quotas to prevent overfishing. They have also invested in research and conservation projects to better understand and address the challenges facing the reef.

International cooperation is also crucial in saving the Great Barrier Reef. Collaborative efforts among countries, scientists, and environmental organizations are focused on raising awareness, reducing carbon emissions, and implementing sustainable practices.

In conclusion, the Great Barrier Reef is a natural treasure that is under threat from climate change, pollution, and overfishing. It is important for us to take action to protect and preserve this incredible ecosystem for future generations.

1. Where is the Great Barrier Reef located?

A. Queensland, Australia.

B. New Zealand.

C. Hawaii, USA.

D. Indonesia.

2.What is causing coral bleaching in the Great Barrier Reef?

A. Pollution from land-based activities.

B. Rising water temperatures due to climate change.

C. Overfishing of large predatory fish.

D. Excess nutrients from fertilizers.

3.How does pollution harm the Great Barrier Reef?

A. It increases water temperatures.

B. It disrupts the food chain.

C. It damages the coral formations.

D. It reduces sunlight reaching the corals.

4.What measures has the Australian government taken to protect the Great Barrier Reef?

A. Implementing fishing quotas.

B. Reducing carbon emissions.

C. Investing in research and conservation projects.

D. All of the above.

5.What is the importance of international cooperation in saving the Great Barrier Reef?

A. Raising awareness about its conservation.

B. Reducing pollution from land-based activities.

C. Implementing sustainable practices.

D. All of the above.

参考答案：

A. Queensland, Australia.

B. Rising water temperatures due to climate change.

D. It reduces sunlight reaching the corals.

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