

《高考英语听力高频词汇汇总（19场景）》

高考英语听力不计入高考总分，但是，各大高校在录取的时候，会参考考生的听力成绩，总的说来，高考英语听力也是比较重要的一部分。想要获取好的听力成绩，平时要注意高频词汇的积累。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇1：餐馆

1.Order 点餐

例句：What would you like to order? 您想点什么？

顾客询问服务员想要点什么。

2.Menu 菜单

例句：May I bring you the menu? 我可以给您拿菜单吗？

服务员询问是否需要菜单。

3.Specialty 特色菜

例句：What's your specialty? 你们的特色菜是什么？

顾客询问餐厅的特色菜品。

4.Service 服务

例句：The service here is excellent. 这里的服务很好。

顾客对餐厅的服务表示满意。

5.Payment 付款

例句：How would you like to pay? 您想如何付款？

服务员询问顾客付款方式。

6.Tip 小费

例句：Leave a tip for the waitress. 给服务员留点小费。

顾客给服务员留下小费。

7.Fork 叉子

例句：Pass me the fork, please. 请递给我叉子。

顾客要求服务员递给他叉子。

8.Knife 刀子

例句：Could I have a knife, please? 我可以要一把刀吗？

顾客向服务员要求一把刀。

9.Spoon 勺子

例句：I'll have a spoon, please. 请给我一把勺子。

顾客要求服务员给他一把勺子。

10.Napkin 餐巾纸

例句：Could I have a napkin, please? 请给我一块餐巾纸。

顾客向服务员要求一块餐巾纸。

11.Dish 菜肴

例句：Could you recommend some dishes? 你能推荐一些菜吗？

顾客询问服务员推荐一些菜肴。

12.Dessert 甜点

例句：I'd like a dessert, please. 我想要点一份甜点。

顾客要求服务员给他一份甜点。

13.Coffee 咖啡

例句：I'd like a cup of coffee, please. 我想要点一杯咖啡。

顾客要求服务员给他一杯咖啡。

14.Tea 茶

例句：I'd like a cup of tea, please. 我想要点一杯茶。

顾客要求服务员给他一杯茶。

15.Table 桌子

例句：Could we have a table for four, please? 请给我们一张四人桌好吗？

顾客询问是否有四人桌可用。

16.Chair 椅子

例句：The chair is a bit uncomfortable. 这椅子有点不舒服。

顾客抱怨椅子不太舒适。

17.Waiter/Waitress 服务员

例句：Excuse me, waiter, could you bring the bill?
打扰一下，服务员，能帮我们结账吗？

顾客请求服务员过来结账。

18.Reservation 预订

例句：I made a reservation for 7 p.m. 我预订了晚上7点的位置。

顾客告知服务员已经提前预订了位置。

19.Ambience 氛围

例句：I love the ambience of this restaurant. It's so romantic.
我喜欢这家餐厅的氛围，非常浪漫。

顾客称赞餐厅的氛围很好。

20.Complaint 投诉

例句：I'm afraid I have a complaint about the food. It's not fresh.
恐怕我要投诉食物，它不新鲜。

顾客向服务员投诉食物不新鲜。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇2：天气

1.Weather天气

例句：What's the weather like today?今天天气怎么样?

2.Sunny晴朗的

例句：It's a sunny day today.今天是个晴天。

3.Cloudy多云的

例句：It's cloudy today.今天多云。

4.Rainy下雨的

例句：It's raining outside.外面下雨了。

5.Snowy下雪的

例句：It's snowing heavily.正下着大雪。

6.Windy有风的

例句：It's windy today.今天风很大。

7.Stormy暴风雨的

例句：There's a storm coming.暴风雨要来了。

8.Humid潮湿的

例句：It's very humid today.今天很潮湿。

9.Cold寒冷的

例句：It's very cold outside.外面很冷。

10.Hot炎热的

例句：It's very hot today.今天很热。

11.Mist雾

例句：There's a heavy mist this morning.今天早上有浓雾。

12.Sunrise/Sunset日出/日落

例句：Watch the sunrise/sunset from the beach.在海滩上看日出/日落。

13.Rainbow彩虹

例句：Look, there's a rainbow!看，有彩虹!

14.Thunderstorm雷暴

例句：There's a thunderstorm brewing.雷暴正在酝酿中。

15.Tornado龙卷风

例句：A tornado touched down in the town last night.昨晚龙卷风袭击了小镇。

16.Hail冰雹

例句：There was a hailstorm last night.昨晚下了一场冰雹。

17.Foggy雾茫茫的

例句：The fog was so thick that we couldn't see anything.雾太浓了，我们什么也看不见。

18.Freezing冰冻的

例句：The temperature is freezing outside.外面温度很低。

19.Drought干旱

例句：The region has been suffering from drought for months.这个地区几个月来一直遭受干旱。

20.Typhoon台风

例句：A typhoon is expected to hit the coastal areas next week.预计下周台风将袭击沿海地区。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇3：教室与图书馆

1.Classroom教室

例句：The classroom is quiet during the exam. 考试期间，教室里很安静。

2.Laboratory实验室

例句：We conducted an experiment in the laboratory today. 我们今天在实验室做了一个实验。

3.Library图书馆

例句：The library is a great place to study. 图书馆是个学习的好地方。

4.Bookshelf书架

例句：The bookshelf is filled with books on different subjects. 书架上摆满了各种主题的书籍。

5.Reference Book参考书

例句：I often use reference books to support my research. 我经常使用参考书来支持我的研究。

6.Library Card借书卡

例句：You need a library card to borrow books. 借书需要借书卡。

7.Circulation Desk借阅台

例句：I need to return these books to the circulation desk. 我需要把这些书归还到借阅台。

8.Periodicals期刊杂志

例句：The library has a good collection of periodicals. 图书馆有很好的期刊杂志收藏。

9.Study Room自习室

例句：The study room is a quiet place to study. 自习室是个安静的学习地方。

10.Exam考试

例句：The exam is scheduled for next week. 考试安排在下周。

11. Lecture 讲座

例句：The professor is giving a lecture on climate change. 教授正在做一个关于气候变化的讲座。

12. Tutorial 辅导课

例句：I have a tutorial in mathematics after school. 我放学后有一节数学辅导课。

13. Assignment 作业

例句：The assignment is due next Friday. 作业下周五交。

14. Deadline 截止日期

例句：The deadline for submitting the paper is next week. 提交论文的截止日期是下周。

15. Notebook 笔记本

例句：I always take notes in my notebook during class. 我总是在课堂上用笔记本记笔记。

16. Textbook 教科书

例句：The textbook is essential for understanding the course material. 教科书对于理解课程内容至关重要。

17. Computer Lab 电脑室

例句：I'm going to the computer lab to work on my project. 我要去电脑室做我的项目。

18. Research Paper 研究论文

例句：I'm writing a research paper on the effects of social media. 我正在写一篇关于社交媒体影响的研究论文。

19. Library Hours 图书馆开放时间

例句：The library hours are from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. 图书馆的开放时间是上午9点到下午5点。

20. Library Fine 图书馆罚款

例句：I forgot to return the book and now I have a library fine. 我忘记还书了，现在我得交图书馆罚款。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇4：购物

1. department store 百货商店

I love to shop at the department store for all my needs.

我喜欢在百货商店购买我所需的所有物品。

2. store 商店

The store is open from 9 am to 9 pm.

商店的营业时间是早上9点到晚上9点。

3. grocery 食品杂货店

I need to stop at the grocery store on the way home.

在回家的路上，我需要去一趟食品杂货店。

4. shopping center 购物中心

The shopping center has a lot of different stores to choose from.

购物中心有许多不同的商店可供选择。

5. mall 商场

The mall is always busy on weekends.

周末商场总是很拥挤。

6. shop assistant 店员

The shop assistant was very helpful and friendly.

店员非常友好和乐于助人。

7.counter 柜台

She stood at the counter and waited for her turn.

她站在柜台前等待轮到自己。

8.receipt 收据

Please give me a receipt for my payment.

请给我一张付款收据。

9.catalog 产品目录

I looked through the catalog to see what was available.

我浏览了产品目录，看看有哪些可供选择。

10.deliver 送货

The online store offers free delivery on all orders.

这家网店提供所有订单免费送货服务。

11.refund 退款

If you are not satisfied with the product, we will provide a refund.

如果您对产品不满意，我们将提供退款。

12.bargain 便宜货

I found a great bargain at the flea market last weekend.

上周末我在跳蚤市场找到了一个很划算的东西。

13.second-hand 二手的

I bought a second-hand car that was in good condition.

我买了一辆状况良好的二手车。

14.popular/fashionable 流行的

This new fashion trend is really popular this season.

这个新的时尚趋势本季度非常流行。

15.expensive 昂贵的

This brand of perfume is very expensive.

这个品牌的香水非常昂贵。

16.cheap 便宜的

You can find cheap deals on flights if you book early.

如果你提前预订，可以找到便宜的航班。

17.size 尺寸、大小

I wear a size medium in shirts.

我穿衬衫的尺寸是中号。

18.pay by installment 分期付款

I choose to pay for my car in installments to spread the cost.

我选择分期付款购买汽车以分摊费用。

19.style 样式

I like to have a variety of styles in my wardrobe.

我喜欢衣橱里有各种各样的款式。

20.brand 品牌

I prefer to buy products from trusted brands.

我更喜欢从可信赖的品牌购买产品。

21.pay in cash 用现金支付

I prefer to pay in cash to avoid credit card fees.

我更喜欢用现金支付以避免信用卡手续费。

22.pay by check 用支票支付

I sent a check as payment for my car insurance.

我寄了一张支票作为我的汽车保险费用。

23.credit card 信用卡

I use my credit card for most of my purchases.

我购物时大多使用信用卡。

24.selling season 销售旺季

The store has a big sale during the holiday selling season.

在假日销售旺季，这家店有大甩卖。

25.50% off 打五折

The store is offering a 50% discount on all items.

这家店所有商品打五折。

26.a 30% discount 打七折

You can get a 30% discount if you buy three or more items.

如果你购买三件或更多商品，你可以得到30%的折扣。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇5：邮局

1.stamp 邮票

I need to buy a stamp to mail this letter.

我需要买一张邮票来寄这封信。

2.registered letter 挂号信

I sent a registered letter to ensure it arrived safely.

我寄了一封挂号信以确保它能安全到达。

3.package/parcel 包裹

The package arrived safely and intact.

包裹安全完整地到达了。

4.overweight 超重

The package is overweight and you will have to pay extra postage.

这个包裹超重了，您需要支付额外的邮费。

5.postage 邮费

I have to pay for the postage on this package.

我必须支付这个包裹的邮费。

6.insurance 保险

I took out extra insurance for my valuable items.

我为我贵重的物品买了额外的保险。

7.claim 领取

You can claim your package at the post office.

您可以在邮局领取您的包裹。

8.weight 重量

The weight of the package is 10 kilograms.

这个包裹的重量是10公斤。

9.zip code 邮编

Please make sure to include the correct zip code on the address label.

请确保在地址标签上填写正确的邮政编码。

10.parcel form 包裹单

You need to fill out a parcel form before sending your package.

在寄送包裹之前，您需要填写一个包裹单。

11.extra postage 额外邮资

If your package is overweight, you will need to pay extra postage.

如果您的包裹超重了，您需要支付额外的邮费。

12.express mail 快件

I sent the document via express mail because it was urgent.

由于情况紧急，我通过快件寄送了文件。

13.send/post/deliver a letter 寄信

I need to send a letter to my friend.

我需要给我朋友寄一封信。

14.airmail 航空信件

I sent the letter by airmail to ensure it arrived quickly.

我通过航空信件寄送了这封信以确保它能快速到达。

15.surface mail 平邮

I sent the package by surface mail because it was not urgent.

这个包裹不急用，所以我选择平邮方式寄送。

16.international airmail 国际航空邮件

I sent the package via international airmail to my sister in another country.

我通过国际航空邮件将包裹寄给我在国外的妹妹。

17.envelope 信封

Please place the letter inside an envelope before mailing.

寄送前请将信放入信封内。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇6：医院与健康

1.hospital 医院

The patient was taken to the hospital in an ambulance.

病人被救护车送往了医院。

2.clinic 诊所

I visited the family doctor's clinic to have my blood pressure checked.

我去了家庭医生的诊所量血压。

3.doctor 医生

The doctor prescribed some antibiotics for my cough.

医生给我开了一些抗生素治疗咳嗽。

4.emergency department 急诊室

I was taken to the emergency department because of the sudden onset of severe pain.

由于突发剧痛，我被送到了急诊室。

5.check-up 检查

I had a general check-up at the health center last week.

我上周在医疗中心进行了一次全面检查。

6.treatment 治疗手段

The dentist prescribed some pain medication for my toothache.

牙医给我开了一些止痛药来治疗我的牙痛。

7.Health Center 医疗中心

The Health Center offers a variety of services for the community.

医疗中心为社区提供各种服务。

8.physical examination 体检

She goes for a yearly physical examination to maintain her good health.

她每年都进行体检以保持身体健康。

9.dentist 牙医

I have to go to the dentist to have a cavity filled.

我得去看牙医补牙。

10.show one ' s tongue 伸出舌头

The doctor asked the patient to show his tongue so that he could examine it.

医生让病人伸出舌头以便检查。

11.visiting hours 探访时间

Visiting hours are from 2 pm to 4 pm every day.

每天的探访时间为下午2点到4点。

12.surgeon 外科医生

The surgeon performed the operation on the patient with great skill.

外科医生非常熟练地为病人进行了手术。

13.physician 内科医生

The physician prescribed some medication for my cold.

内科医生给我开了些感冒药。

14.nurse 护士

The nurse took my temperature and blood pressure before the surgery.

手术前，护士给我测量了体温和血压。

15.regular doctor 私人医生

I have a regular doctor who takes care of my health needs.

我有一个私人医生，他负责照顾我的健康需求。

16.cold/flu 感冒/流感

I caught a cold last week and had to stay home from work.

上周我感冒了，不得不请假在家休息。

17.cough 咳嗽

The persistent cough finally subsided after taking the prescribed medication.

吃了医生开的药后，持续的咳嗽终于缓解了。

18.fever 发烧

The child had a high fever and was taken to the hospital immediately.

孩子发高烧，被立即送往了医院。

19.pain 疼痛

The pain in my back was so severe that I couldn't stand up straight.

我的背痛得很厉害，以至于无法挺直身子。

20.headache 头痛

I had a splitting headache all day yesterday.

我昨天头痛欲裂，一整天都很不舒服。

21.stomachache 胃痛

I often get stomachaches after eating spicy food.

我吃了辣的食物后经常胃痛。

22.backache 背痛

Sitting in front of the computer for too long caused my back to ache.

坐在电脑前太久导致我背痛。

23.sore throat 嗓子痛

I have a sore throat and can barely swallow anything.

我嗓子痛得厉害，几乎什么都咽不下去。

24.give an injection 打针

The nurse administered an injection to the patient without any hesitation.

护士毫不犹豫地给病人打了一针。

25.dizzy 眩晕的

I felt dizzy and had to lie down for a while.

我感到头晕，不得不躺下来休息一会儿。

26.heart attack 心脏病

The patient had a heart attack and was immediately taken to the emergency room.

病人心脏病发作，被立即送往了急诊室。

27.pills/tablets 药丸/药片

I have to take three pills every day for my high blood pressure.

我每天要吃三片降压药。

28.ICU (intensive care unit) 特护病房

The patient was transferred to the ICU after the surgery due to complications.

由于出现并发症，手术后病人被转入了特护病房。

29.aspirin 阿司匹林

My doctor prescribed aspirin to lower my blood pressure.

医生给我开了阿司匹林来降低血压。

30.write a prescription 开处方

The doctor wrote a prescription for antibiotics to treat my infection.

医生给我开了抗生素处方来治疗我的感染。

31.take one ' s temperature/blood pressure 测量体温/血压

The nurse took my temperature and blood pressure before my appointment with the doctor.

护士在我预约医生之前为我测量了体温和血压。

32.I ' m fine. 我感觉很好。

33.I ' m not feeling good. 感觉不好。

34.I feel good. 我感觉很好。

35.I feel terrible. 感觉糟糕极了。

36.I feel horrible. 感觉非常糟糕。

37.I couldn ' t be better. 我感觉再好不过了。

38.I feel awful. 感觉非常不舒服。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇7：酒店

1.make a reservation 预订房间

例句：I made a reservation for a single room with a private bathroom.

我预订了一间带私人浴室的单人房。

2.reception desk 接待处

例句：I went to the reception desk to check in.

我去了前台办理入住手续。

3.check-in 入住

例句：The hotel staff were very helpful and efficient, making the check-in process quick and easy.

酒店员工非常乐于助人和高效，使得入住过程快速而简单。

4.check out 结账

例句：I checked out of the hotel early in the morning and left for the airport.

我早上很早就从酒店退房，然后前往机场。

5.fill out a form 填写表格

例句：Before checking in, I had to fill out a form providing my personal details.

在办理入住手续之前，我必须填写一份提供我的个人详细信息的表格。

6.accommodation 住宿

例句：I'm still looking for suitable accommodation for my stay in the city.

我还在寻找适合我在这个城市住宿的地方。

7.registration 登记

例句：I had to register my details with the hotel for tax purposes.

为了税务目的，我不得不向酒店提供我的详细信息进行登记。

8.single room 单人间

例句：I booked a single room for the night as I was just passing through town.

我只是路过这个城市，所以我预订了一晚的单人房。

9.double room 双人间

例句：We were upgraded to a double room with a view of the sea.

我们被升级到了一个可以看到海景的双人房。

10.suite 套房

例句：The presidential suite was luxuriously appointed, with its own private Jacuzzi.

总统套房布置得极为豪华，还有自己的私人按摩浴缸。

11.roomservice 客房服务

例句：I ordered room service and had a delicious meal delivered to my room.

我点了客房服务，一份美味的食物被送到我的房间。

12.wake-up call 叫醒电话

例句：I set the alarm for a wake-up call at 6 am.

我把闹钟设置为早上6点的叫醒电话。

13. Have you got any vacant room? (Is there any room available here?) 有空房间吗?

14. All the rooms are occupied. 房间已满。

例句：I was disappointed to learn that all the rooms were occupied when I called to make a reservation.

当我打电话预订时，得知所有房间都已满，我感到失望。

15. Smoking or no smoking? 可以吸烟或禁止吸烟?

例句：When I checked in, I was asked if I preferred a smoking or non-smoking room.

办理入住手续时，工作人员问我是要吸烟房间还是不吸烟房间。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇8：观光旅游

1.vacation/holiday

例句：I'm planning a vacation to Europe this summer.

我正在计划今年夏天去欧洲度假。

2.historic spots

例句：We visited several historic spots during our trip to the city.

在游览这个城市的期间，我们参观了好几个历史遗迹。

3.scenery

例句：The scenery in the mountains was breathtakingly beautiful.

山上的风景美得令人窒息。

4.museum

例句：We visited the local museum to learn more about the history of the city.

我们参观了当地的博物馆，以了解更多关于这座城市的历史。

5.mountain

例句：We hiked through the mountain and enjoyed the beautiful views.

我们徒步穿越了山脉，欣赏着美丽的风景。

6.river

例句：We canoeed down the river and had a great time.

我们划独木舟沿河流而下，玩得非常开心。

7.lake

例句：We went fishing in the lake and caught several fish.

我们在湖里钓鱼，钓到了几条鱼。

8.waterfall

例句：The waterfall was so tall that it looked like a sheet of water falling from the sky.

瀑布如此之高，看起来就像是从天而降的一片水幕。

9.beach

例句：We spent the whole day at the beach, swimming and relaxing in the sun.

我们在海滩上度过了一整天，游泳和晒太阳。

10.seashore

例句：We walked along the seashore, feeling the soft sand beneath our feet.

我们沿着海岸散步，感受着脚下柔软的沙子。

11.island

例句：The island was so remote that there was no electricity or running water.

这个岛屿非常偏远，没有电和自来水。

12.lawn

例句：The children were playing on the lawn outside the house.

孩子们在房子外面的草坪上玩耍。

13.temple

例句：We visited several temples during our trip to Japan.

在去日本的旅行中，我们参观了好几个寺庙。

14.zoo

例句：The zoo had a variety of animals, including lions, elephants, and gorillas.

动物园里有各种各样的动物，包括狮子、大象和猩猩。

15.go sightseeing

例句：We went sightseeing around the city and saw many interesting places.

我们在城市里观光游览，看到了许多有趣的地方。

16.a guided tour

例句：We joined a guided tour of the museum and learned more about the exhibits.

我们参加了博物馆的导游讲解，对展品有了更多了解。

17.travel agency

例句：We booked our vacation through a local travel agency.

我们通过当地的旅行社预订了度假。

18.souvenir

例句：I bought a souvenir from the gift shop to remember my trip.

我从礼品店买了一件纪念品，以记住这次旅行。

19.ticket

例句：I bought a ticket for the train and then boarded the train.

我买了一张火车票，然后上了火车。

20.travel/trip/tour/voyage

例句：We took a trip to Europe last summer and visited several countries.

去年夏天我们去了欧洲旅行，游览了好几个国家。

21.plane

例句：I flew to the city on a commercial plane.

我乘坐商业飞机飞往这个城市。

22.ship

例句：We took a cruise ship to the Bahamas for our vacation.

我们乘坐游轮前往巴哈马度假。

23.taxi

例句：We took a taxi to the airport and arrived in plenty of time for our flight.

我们乘坐出租车前往机场，并及时赶上了飞机。

24.railway

例句：The train was late, causing us to miss our connection on the railway.

火车晚点了，导致我们错过了铁路上的换乘。

25.subway/underground

例句：The subway system in the city is efficient and convenient for commuting.

城市里的地铁系统对于通勤来说既高效又方便。

26.fascinating

例句：The history of the city was fascinating and we learned a lot during our visit.

这座城市的历史非常迷人，我们在游览期间学到了很多東西。

27.thrilling

例句：The ride in the roller coaster was thrilling and we screamed with excitement.

坐过山车的感觉非常刺激，我们兴奋地尖叫着。

28.unforgettable

例句：The memories of our vacation in Hawaii are unforgettable and we always cherish them.

我们在夏威夷度假的回忆是难忘的，我们一直珍藏着这些回忆。

29.terrific

例句：The food at the restaurant was terrific and we enjoyed every bite.

餐厅的食物棒极了，我们每一口都吃得津津有味。

30.fantastic

例句：The performance was fantastic and everyone in the audience was clapping and cheering.

演出非常精彩，观众们都在鼓掌欢呼。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇9：工作与职业(1)

1、Manager 经理

The manager is responsible for leading the team and achieving the company's goals.

经理负责领导团队并实现公司的目标。

2、HR Manager 人事经理

The HR Manager is responsible for招聘和培训新员工，以及处理员工福利问题。

人事经理负责招聘和培训新员工，以及处理员工福利问题。

3、General Manager 总经理

The general Manager has overall responsibility for the operations of the company.

总经理全面负责公司的运营。

4、Client 客户

Our main client is a large multinational company.

我们的主要客户是一家大型跨国公司。

5、Part-time Job 兼职工作

I work part-time as a tutor to earn extra income.

我兼职做家庭教师来赚取额外的收入。

6、Full-time Job 全职工作

I have a full-time job as a teacher at a high school.

我在一所高中担任全职教师。

7、Psychologist 心理学家

Psychologists study the mind and behavior of humans.

心理学家研究人类的心理和行为。

8、Principal 校长

The principal of the school is responsible for the overall operation of the school.

学校的校长负责学校的整体运营。

9、Professor 教授

She is a professor of English at the university.

她是大学里的英语教授。

10、Teacher 教师

My mother is a teacher at a primary school.

我妈妈是一所小学的老师。

11、Policeman 警察

The policeman was patrolling the streets of the city.

警察在城市的大街小巷巡逻。

12、Firefighter 消防员

Firefighters are brave men and women who risk their lives to save others.

消防员是英勇无畏、舍生忘死的男男女女。

13、Assistant 助理

She is the assistant to the managing director of the company.

她是公司总经理的助理。

14、Receptionist 接待员

The receptionist greeted me with a smile when I walked into the office.

接待员微笑着迎接我走进办公室。

15、Typist 打字员

She is a fast typist and can type 100 words per minute.

她打字很快，每分钟能打100个字。

16、Cashier 出纳员

The cashier counted the money in the till at the end of the day.

收银员在一天结束时清点抽屉里的钱。

17、Lawyer 律师

My father is a lawyer and he often represents clients in court.

我父亲是一名律师，经常在法庭上代理客户出庭。

18、Editor 编辑

The editor carefully proofread the manuscript before it was published.

编辑在出版之前仔细校对了手稿。

19、Reporter/Journalist 记者

The reporter interviewed several witnesses to the incident.

记者采访了该事件的几位目击者。

20、Author 作者

The author has written several books on the subject.

作者已经写了多本关于这个主题的书籍。

21、Writer 作家

She is a prolific writer and has published numerous books.

她是一位多产的作家，出版了多本书籍。

22、Artist 艺术家

The artist used a variety of media in his creative work.

艺术家在创作中使用了多种媒介。

23、Pianist 钢琴家

The pianist performed a breathtaking performance at the concert.

钢琴家在音乐会上表演了一场令人惊叹的演出。

24、Photographer 摄影师

The photographer captured the beauty of the landscape in his images.

摄影师在他的照片中捕捉到了风景的美丽。

25、Painter 画家

The painter used a palette knife to apply paint to the canvas.

画家使用调色刀将颜料涂抹在画布上。

26、Musician 音乐家

The musician played a haunting melody on his violin.

音乐家用小提琴演奏了一段令人难以忘怀的旋律。

27、Singer 歌唱家

The singer has a powerful voice and captivating stage presence.

歌唱家嗓音洪亮，舞台表现力强。

28、Designer 设计家

The designer created a unique and innovative concept for the fashion show.

设计师为时装秀创造了一个独特而新颖的概念。

29、Scientist 科学家

The scientist conducted experiments to test his theory.

科学家进行实验来检验他的理论。

30、Engineer 工程师

The engineer designed a bridge that could withstand earthquakes.

工程师设计了一座能够经受住地震的桥梁。

31、Actor/Actress 男演员/女演员

The actor/actress has won numerous awards for his/her performances.

这位男演员/女演员因他/她的表演赢得了许多奖项。

32、Architect 建筑师

The architect designed a modern and sustainable building.

建筑师设计了一座现代化且可持续发展的建筑。

33、Chef 厨师

The chef prepared a delicious meal for us using only fresh ingredients.

厨师只用新鲜食材为我们准备了一顿美味佳肴。

34、Educational background 教育背景

She has an MBA and a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration.

她拥有工商管理硕士学位和本科学位。

35、Retire 退休

My grandfather retired after working for the same company for 40 years.

祖父在同一家公司工作了40年后退休了。

36、Break 短暂休息

After a long day at work, she took a break to have a cup of coffee.

工作一整天后，她休息了一下，喝了杯咖啡。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇10：交通与机场(1)

1、Waiting Room 候车室

We waited in the waiting room until the train arrived.

我们在候车室等待，直到火车到达。

2、Platform 站台

The train pulled into the platform and the passengers got off.

火车进站，乘客下车。

3、Coach/Carriage 车厢

We found our seats in the second carriage of the train.

我们在火车的第二节车厢找到了座位。

4、Sidewalk/Pavement 人行道

She walked along the pavement, heading for the subway station.

她沿着人行道走向地铁站。

5、One-way Street 单行道

You can only drive one way on this street, so be careful.

这条街上只能单向行驶，所以要小心。

6、Driving license 驾照

He showed his driving license to the policeman.

他向警察出示了驾照。

7、Rush Hour 交通高峰时间

The traffic was terrible during the rush hour.

交通高峰时段交通非常糟糕。

8、Heavy Traffic 交通拥挤

We got stuck in heavy traffic on the way home.

我们回家路上遇到了交通拥堵。

9、Traffic Jam 交通堵塞

There was a traffic jam on the highway, so we took a detour.

高速公路上出现了交通堵塞，所以我们绕道行驶。

10、Traffic Rules 交通规则

You should know and obey the traffic rules.

你应该知道并遵守交通规则。

11、Traffic Lights 交通灯

The light turned red, so we stopped at the intersection.

红灯亮了，我们在十字路口停了下来。

12、By Plane/Air 乘飞机

We decided to take a plane to get there faster.

我们决定乘飞机前往，这样更快些。

13、By Subway/Underground 乘地铁

The subway is a convenient way to get around the city.

地铁是穿行城市的便捷方式。

14、Transfer 换乘/转机

We had to transfer from line 2 to line 4 at the next station.

我们不得不在下一站从2号线换乘到4号线。

15、Express Train 特快列车

The express train can get you to your destination in half the time.

特快列车能让你在半时间内到达目的地。

16、Dining Car 餐车

We had lunch in the dining car on the train.

我们在火车上的餐车吃了午饭。

17、Garage 修车厂/仓库

The car is in the garage being repaired right now.

这辆车正在修车厂修理中。

18、Run the Red Light 闯红灯

He risked running a red light and narrowly avoided an accident.

他冒险闯红灯，差点出事故。

19、Flat Tire 爆胎

We got a flat tire on the way home from the movies.

我们从电影院回家的路上车胎爆了。

20、Fix/Repair 修理

I need to take my car in to be repaired.

我需要把我的车拿去修理。

21、Airway 航线

The plane followed the airway to its destination.

飞机沿着航线飞往目的地。

22、Flight 航班

We were on the same flight to New York.

我们乘坐同一班飞机前往纽约。

23、Flight Number 航班号

Please make sure you have the correct flight number before boarding.

请确保登机前核对好正确的航班号。

24、Cancel 取消

Unfortunately, your flight has been cancelled due to bad weather.

很遗憾，由于天气原因，您的航班已取消。

25、Non-stop/Direct Flight 直航

The non-stop flight from Beijing to New York takes 13 hours.

从北京到纽约的直航航班需要13小时。

26、Confirm the Flight 确认航班

You should confirm your flight before you leave for the airport.

你应该在去机场之前确认你的航班。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇11：交通与机场(2)

1、Airsick 晕机

I feel airsick and I need to use the airsickness bag.

我感觉晕机了，需要使用呕吐袋。

2、Departure Time 起飞时间

The plane is scheduled to take off at 10 a.m.

飞机计划在上午10点起飞。

3、One-Way Ticket 单程票

I need to buy a one-way ticket to New York.

我需要买一张去纽约的单程票。

4、Round-Trip Ticket 往返票

I prefer to buy a round-trip ticket because I'm not sure how long I'll be staying.

我更愿意买往返票，因为我不确定会待多久。

5、Hard Sleeper 硬卧

I booked a hard sleeper for the overnight train.

我预订了夜间火车的硬卧票。

6、Soft Sleeper 软卧

The soft sleeper was more comfortable than the hard sleeper.

软卧比硬卧更舒适。

7、Departure Lounge 候机室

We waited in the departure lounge for our flight to board.

我们在候机室等待登机。

8、Book/Reserve 预订

I need to book a flight to Shanghai for next week.

我需要预订下周飞往上海的航班。

9、A Window Seat 靠窗的座位

I prefer a window seat because I like to look out the window during the flight.

我更喜欢靠窗的座位，因为我喜欢在飞行过程中看窗外的风景。

10、Fasten 系紧

Please fasten your seatbelt before take-off.

起飞前请系好安全带。

11、Jet Lag 飞行时差反应

I feel jet lagged after the long flight to Europe.

经过长途飞行到达欧洲后，我感到时差反应。

12、Captain 机长

The captain made an announcement over the intercom.

机长通过广播系统进行了通告。

13、Pilot 飞行员

The pilot has many years of experience flying commercial airlines.

这名飞行员有多年的商业航空公司飞行经验。

14、Security check 安检

You will need to go through security check before boarding the plane.

在登机之前，你需要进行安全检查。

15、Airhostess/Stewardess 空姐

The airhostess came through the cabin serving refreshments.

空姐走遍客舱供应点心饮料。

16、Customs 海关

You will need to go through customs before entering the country.

在进入该国之前，你需要通过海关检查。

17、Departure to 前往

The plane is departure to New York from Gate 5.

飞机从5号登机口起飞前往纽约。

18、Destination 目的地

Please confirm your destination before boarding the plane.

请在登机前确认您的目的地。

19、Boarding Pass(Card) 登机牌

Please show your boarding pass and identification.

请出示您的登机牌和身份证。

20、Passport 护照

You will need to present your passport at the check-in counter.

您需要在登记台出示护照。

21、Board 登机

The boarding process has begun, please board the plane as soon as possible.

登机流程已经开始，请尽快登机。

22、Departure Gate 登机口

Make sure you are at the correct departure gate before boarding.

在登机前，请确保您在正确的登机口。

23、Luggage/Baggage 行李

You can check your luggage at the check-in counter.

您可以在登记台托运行李。

24、Suitcase 行李箱

I put my clothes in a suitcase and brought it with me on the plane.

我把衣服放进行李箱里，然后把它带上飞机。

25、Land 着陆

The plane safely landed on the runway after a smooth descent.

飞机平稳下降后安全降落在跑道上。

26、Safe Landing 安全着陆

The pilot announced a safe landing after touchdown.

触地后，飞行员宣布安全着陆。

27、See sb. off 为某人送行

I saw my friend off at the airport before she flew to Europe.

在朋友飞往欧洲之前，我在机场为她送行。

28、Pick Up (开车)接人

I will pick you up at the airport when you arrive.

你到达机场后，我会开车接你。

29、Conductor 售票员

The conductor came around to check tickets.

售票员走过来检查车票。

30、Booking Office/Ticket office 售票处

You can buy tickets at the booking office next to the train station.

您可以在火车站旁边的售票处购买车票。

31、First/Business/Economy Class 头等/商务/经济舱

I booked a business class ticket because I needed extra legroom.

我预订了一张商务舱机票，因为我需要更多的腿部空间。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇12：租房

1、Landlady 女房东

例句：I'm the new tenant. Could I have a look at the property first?

我是新来的房客，我可以先看看房子吗？

2、Landlord 房东

例句：The landlord has given me a week to make up my mind about the lease.
房东给我一周的时间来决定是否签租约。

3、Rent 租金

例句：The rent for this property is \$1000 per month.
这处房产的租金是每月1000美元。

4、Deposit 押金

例句：I'll need to pay a deposit of two months' rent in advance.
我需要提前支付两个月的押金。

5、Contract 合同

例句：We need to sign a contract before you move in.
在你入住之前，我们需要签订一份合同。

6、Furnished 有家具电器的

例句：This apartment is furnished with basic furniture and appliances.
这间公寓配有基本的家具和电器。

7、Heat 暖气

例句：The heat is provided by central heating system in this building.
这栋楼的暖气是由中央供暖系统提供的。

8、Gas 煤气

例句：We use gas for cooking and heating in this household.
我们家用煤气做饭和取暖。

9、Electricity 电

例句：Please pay the electricity bill for the last month. 请支付上个月的电费。

10、Lift 电梯

例句：The building has a lift for convenient access to upper floors.
这栋楼有电梯，方便前往高层。

11、Stairs 楼梯

例句：I prefer to take the stairs instead of the elevator because it's healthier.
我更喜欢走楼梯而不是乘电梯，因为这样更健康。

12、Balcony 阳台

例句：I love sitting on the balcony in the morning with a cup of coffee.
我喜欢早上在阳台上喝杯咖啡。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇13：电话

1、Put through 接通电话

例句：The operator put the call through after a moment.
接线员一会儿就将电话接通了。

2、Long-distance call 长途电话

例句：He received a long-distance call from his sister in New York.
他接到姐姐从纽约打来的长途电话。

3、Operator 接线员

例句：The operator connected the call and put the receiver down.
接线员接通了电话，然后放下听筒。

4、Collect call 对方付费的电话

例句：I dialed her number and asked for a collect call.
我拨了她的号码，要求对方付费接听。

5、Personal phone call 私人电话

例句：I'm sorry, but this is a personal phone call. 对不起，这是一次私人通话。

6、Leave a message 留口信

例句：If she's not there, ask her to leave a message. 如果她不在，请她留个口信。

7、Dial the wrong number 拨错号码

例句：I dialed the wrong number and got a strange voice on the other end.

我拨错了号码，另一头传来一个陌生的声音。

8、Call/Telephone/Ring/Phone sb. 给某人打电话

例句：I need to telephone my parents and tell them about the news.
我需要给我父母打电话，告诉他们这个消息。

9、Who's speaking? 请问是哪位？

例句：Who's speaking, please? 请问是哪位？

10、I'll call back later/again. 我一会再打。

例句：I'll call you back later to confirm the meeting time.
我稍后给你打电话确认会议时间。

11、Hello! This is... speaking. 喂！我是.....

例句：Hello! This is John Smith. 喂！我是约翰·史密斯。

12、I couldn't get through. 我打不通。

例句：I tried calling you but I couldn't get through. 我试着给你打电话，但是打不通。

13、The line is bad/busy/engaged. /It kept a busy line. 电话占线。

例句：I'm sorry, the line is engaged. 抱歉，电话占线了。

14、Hold the line/Hold on, please. 稍等一会儿，不要挂断电话。

例句：Hold on, please, while I connect you to his extension.
请稍等一会儿，我帮您转接到他的分机。

15、Extension 6226, please. 请转接6226分机。

例句：Could you put me through to extension 6226, please? 您能帮我接通6226分机吗？

高考英语听力高频场景词汇14：银行

1、business hour 营业时间

例句：The store is open during regular business hours from Monday to Friday.

该商店周一至周五在正常的营业时间内营业。

2、identity/ID card 身份证

例句：You must present a valid ID card to enter the secure area.

进入安全区域必须出示有效的身份证。

3、check/checking account 支票账户

例句：I would like to open a checking account at your bank.

我想在你们的银行开一个支票账户。

4、savings account 储蓄账户

例句：She deposits a portion of her salary into her savings account each month.

她每个月都会把一部分薪水存入她的储蓄账户。

5、fixed deposit 定期存款

例句：Investing in a fixed deposit is a safe way to earn interest on your money.

投资定期存款是一种安全的方式来赚取利息。

6、interest rate 利率

例句：The interest rate on my loan is quite high, so I'm looking for a better option.

我的贷款利率相当高，所以我在寻找一个更好的选择。

7、open an account 开户

例句：Before you can start investing, you need to open an account with a broker.

在开始投资之前，你需要在券商那里开一个账户。

8、draw money 取钱

例句：I need to go to the bank to draw some money for the groceries.

我需要去银行取些钱来买杂货。

9、deposit money 存钱

例句：It's a good habit to deposit money regularly into your savings account.

定期将钱存入储蓄账户是一个好习惯。

10、current deposit/current account 活期存款

例句：A current account allows you to access your money at any time.

活期存款账户允许您随时存取资金。

11、cash a check 兑现支票

例句：Can I cash this check at your bank?

我可以在你们的银行兑现这张支票吗？

高考英语听力高频场景词汇15：兴趣

1、hobby 兴趣

例句：What are your hobbies?

你的兴趣是什么？

2、entertainment 娱乐

例句：The internet provides endless forms of entertainment.

互联网提供了无尽的娱乐形式。

3、detective film 侦探片

例句：I enjoy comedies because they make me laugh, but I also appreciate a good detective film for its suspense.

我喜欢喜剧因为它们让我笑，但我也欣赏好的侦探片因为其悬疑。

4、action movie 动作片

例句：Action movies are always exciting to watch.

动作片总是令人兴奋。

5、cartoon 漫画/动画片

例句：Cartoons are not just for children; adults can enjoy them too.

动画片不仅适合儿童;成人也可以喜欢。

6、comedy 喜剧

例句：I need a good comedy to cheer me up.

我需要一部好的喜剧来让我振作起来。

7、horror film 恐怖片

例句：Horror films give me nightmares.

恐怖片让我做噩梦。

8、western film 西部片

例句：Western films used to be very popular in the last century.

西部片在上个世纪曾经非常受欢迎。

9、hiking 徒步旅行

例句：Hiking in the mountains is a great way to enjoy nature.

在山里徒步是享受大自然的绝佳方式。

10、camping 野营

例句：Camping under the stars is a magical experience.

在星空下露营是一次神奇的体验。

11、diving 潜水

例句：Scuba diving allows you to explore the wonders of the underwater world.

水肺潜水让你探索水下世界的奇观。

12、surfing 冲浪

例句：Surfing is both a sport and a way of life for many people.

对许多人来说，冲浪既是一项运动，也是一种生活方式。

13、skiing 滑雪

例句：I love skiing in the winter.

我喜欢在冬天滑雪。

14、competition 竞争

例句：Healthy competition can motivate people to excel.

健康的竞争可以激励人们追求卓越。

15、the sports field 运动场

例句：The sports field is where athletes show their skills.

运动场是运动员展示技能的场所。

16、club 俱乐部

例句：I belong to a book club that meets once a month.

我参加一个每月聚会一次的读书俱乐部。

17、sportsman/athlete/player 运动员

例句：A professional athlete trains hard to stay in top shape.

职业运动员刻苦训练以保持最佳状态。

18、coach 教练

例句：The coach is very strict with his players.

教练对他的运动员非常严格。

19、champion 冠军

例句：She worked hard to become the world champion in tennis.

她努力成为网球世界冠军。

20、gold medal 金牌

例句：Winning a gold medal at the Olympics is the ultimate dream of every athlete.

在奥运会上赢得金牌是每个运动员的终极梦想。

21、silver medal 银牌

例句：The team was disappointed to win the silver medal instead of gold.

球队对获得银牌而不是金牌感到失望。

22、bronze medal 铜牌

例句：Winning a bronze medal is still an incredible achievement.

赢得铜牌仍然是一项了不起的成就。

23、basketball 篮球

例句：Basketball is a popular sport worldwide.

篮球是一项全球流行的运动。

24、football 美式足球

例句：American football is very different from soccer.

美式足球与英式足球有很大不同。

25、soccer 英式足球

例句：Soccer is the most popular sport in the world.

英式足球是世界上最受欢迎的运动。

26、volleyball 排球

例句：Volleyball requires good teamwork.

排球需要良好的团队合作。

27、baseball 棒球

例句：Baseball is the national sport of the United States.

棒球是美国的国球。

28、tennis 网球

例句：Playing tennis is a great way to stay fit.

打网球是保持健康的好方法。

29、table tennis 乒乓球

例句：Table tennis is a fast-paced sport that requires quick reflexes.

乒乓球是一项节奏快的运动，需要快速的反应。

30、golf 高尔夫

例句：Golf is a relaxing sport that can be enjoyed by people of all ages.

高尔夫是一项放松的运动，各个年龄段的人都可以享受。

31、jogging 慢跑

例句：Jogging in the park is a great way to start the day.

在公园慢跑是开始新一天的好方法。

32、swimming 游泳

例句：Swimming is a great exercise for the whole body.

游泳是全身运动的好方式。

33、freestyle 自由泳

例句：Freestyle is the fastest swimming stroke.

自由泳是最快的游泳姿势。

34、backstroke 仰泳

例句：The backstroke allows you to swim while looking up at the sky.

仰泳可以让你边游泳边看天空。

35、breaststroke 蛙泳

例句：The breaststroke is a rhythmic swimming stroke.

蛙泳是一种有节奏的游泳姿势。

36、butterfly 蝶泳

例句：The butterfly stroke requires a lot of strength and endurance.

蝶泳需要大量的力量和耐力。

37、wrestling 摔跤

例句：Wrestling is a combat sport that tests both strength and technique.

摔跤是一项考验力量和技术的格斗运动。

38、shooting 射击

例句：Target shooting requires excellent concentration and aim.

靶场射击需要极好的专注力和瞄准能力。

39、boxing 拳击

例句：Boxing is a sport that combines strength, speed, and strategy.

拳击是一项结合力量、速度和策略的运动。

40、weightlifting 举重

例句：Weightlifting is a test of pure strength.

举重是纯粹力量的考验。

41、relay race 接力赛

例句：The relay race is an exciting event that showcases teamwork.

接力赛是一项展示团队合作的激动人心的赛事。

42、break the record 打破纪录

例句：He dreams of breaking the world record one day.

他梦想有一天能打破世界纪录。

43、go to the theater/movies 去看电影

例句：Let's go to the movies tonight.

今晚我们去看电影吧。

44、documentary (film) 纪录片/文献片

例句：Documentaries provide an insight into different cultures and ways of life.

纪录片提供了对不同文化和生活方式的深入了解。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇16：数字的表达

一、基数词三位数以上的读法和写法

329: three hundred and twenty-nine

例句：

The price of this item is 329 dollars, which can also be read as three hundred and twenty-nine dollars in formal contexts, or three twenty-nine in informal speech, especially in American English.

这个物品的价格是329美元，在正式场合中可读作三百二十九美元，而在非正式语境中，特别是在美式英语中，有时会简化为three twenty-nine。

1,100: one thousand one hundred / eleven hundred

例句：

The population of this small town is around 1,100 people, which can be expressed as one thousand one hundred or, colloquially, eleven hundred.

这个小镇的人口大约有1,100人，可以表达为一千一百人，或者口语中的eleven hundred。

33,423:thirty-three thousand four hundred and twenty-three

例句：

The annual salary for this position is 33,423 euros, written out as thirty-three thousand four hundred and twenty-three euros.

这个职位的年薪是33,423欧元，写作三十三万四千二百二十三元欧元。

二、序数词的读法和写法

1st first;

例句：

Today is the 1st of the month, also known as the first day of the month.

今天是这个月的1号，也被称为这个月的第一天。

2nd second;

例句：

The runner-up finished in 2nd place, which is also called second place.

亚军获得了第2名，这也被称为第二名。

3rd third;

例句：

My birthday is on the 3rd of July, or the third day of July.

我的生日是7月3号，或者说是7月的第三天。

4th fourth;

例句：

The 4th floor of the building is also labeled as the fourth floor.

这栋楼的4层也被标记为第四层。

5th fifth;

例句：

The 5th anniversary of the event will be celebrated next year, which is also known as the fifth anniversary.

这个事件的5周年纪念将于明年庆祝，也被称为第五周年纪念。

9th ninth;

例句：

The 9th item on the list is also referred to as the ninth item.

清单上的第9项也被称作第九项。

12th twelfth.

例句：

December 12th is also known as the twelfth day of the month.

12月12号也被称作这个月的第十二天。

三、分数的表达方式

1/2: a/one half;

例句：

I ate a/one half of the cake, which means I ate half of it.

我吃了一半的蛋糕，这意味着我吃了它的一半。

1/3: a/one third;

例句：

A/One third of the students in the class are girls.

这个班级里三分之一的学生是女生。

1/4: a/one quarter;

例句：

I usually work for a/one quarter of an hour before taking a break.

我通常在休息前工作一刻钟。

2/3: two thirds;

例句：

Two thirds of the population in this country live in urban areas.

这个国家三分之二的人口居住在城市地区。

1.5: one and a half.

例句：

The distance between the two points is one and a half meters.

这两点之间的距离是一米半。

四、零的几种表达法

Zero: 用于精确的科学、医学和经济方面，亦用于表示温度。

例句：

The temperature outside is ten degrees below zero.

外面的温度是零下十度。

Nought: 用于表示数字、年龄等。

例句：

Children aged nought to six are welcome to attend the event.

欢迎零到六岁的孩子参加这个活动。

0: 用于读出银行账户、电话号码等。

例句：

Please dial the number 0 if you require further assistance.

如果您需要进一步帮助，请拨零。

Nil: 用于表示团队比赛的比分。

例句：

The football match ended in a nil-nil draw.

足球赛以零比零平局结束。

注意：在第四个例子中，“nil”用于表示团队比赛中的零分，但它通常不在美式英语中使用。美国人会说“zero to zero”或者“zero-zero tie”。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇17：计量单位的表达

(一)、温度

摄氏度 (Celsius): 100 degrees Celsius

华氏度 (Fahrenheit): 100 degrees Fahrenheit

开尔文 (Kelvin): 373.15 Kelvin

例句：

The water boils at 100 degrees Celsius. 水在100摄氏度时沸腾。

The thermometer read 100 degrees Fahrenheit. 温度计显示100华氏度。

The temperature is 373.15 Kelvin. 温度是373.15开尔文。

(二)、长度/高度/重量

米 (meter): 10 meters

厘米 (centimeter): 100 centimeters

千米 (kilometer): 10 kilometers

克 (gram): 100 grams

千克 (kilogram): 1000 kilograms

吨 (ton): 1000 kilograms

例句：

The building is 10 meters tall. 这座建筑高10米。

The road is 10 kilometers long. 这条路长10公里。

She weighs 50 kilograms. 她体重50千克。

The box weighs 100 grams. 这个箱子重100克。

(三)、货币名称及基本换算

人民币 (Renminbi, RMB): 100 yuan

美元 (US dollar, USD): 100 dollars

欧元 (Euro, EUR): 100 euros

英镑 (British pound, GBP): 100 pounds

例句：

The price of the book is 100 yuan. 这本书的价格是100元。

The total cost is 100 dollars. 总费用是100美元。

The exchange rate is 1 euro to 100 yuan. 汇率是1欧元兑换100元人民币。

She has 100 pounds in her wallet. 她钱包里有100英镑。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇18：基本自然知识

(一)、各大洲名称

亚洲 (Asia)

非洲 (Africa)

欧洲 (Europe)

北美洲 (North America)

南美洲 (South America)

大洋洲 (Oceania)

南极洲 (Antarctica)

例句：

Asia is the largest continent in the world. 亚洲是世界上最大的洲。

Africa is known for its diverse wildlife and landscapes.
非洲以其多样的野生动物和景观而闻名。

Europe is a continent with a rich history and culture.
欧洲是一个有着丰富历史和文化的洲。

(二)、各大洋名称及大小次序

太平洋 (Pacific Ocean)

大西洋 (Atlantic Ocean)

印度洋 (Indian Ocean)

北冰洋 (Arctic Ocean)

南冰洋 (Southern Ocean)

例句：

The Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean in the world. 太平洋是世界上最大的海洋。

The Atlantic Ocean separates North America and Europe.
大西洋将北美洲和欧洲分隔开来。

The Indian Ocean is known for its tropical climate and biodiversity.
印度洋以其热带气候和生物多样性而闻名。

(三)、常见自然现象及自然灾害的表达方式

日出 (sunrise)

日落 (sunset)

风 (wind)

雨 (rain)

雪 (snow)

雷暴 (thunderstorm)

地震 (earthquake)

火山爆发 (volcanic eruption)

海啸 (tsunami)

飓风 (hurricane)

洪水 (flood)

干旱 (drought)

例句：

We watched the sunrise over the mountains. 我们观看了山上的日出。

The sunset was beautiful with a vibrant display of colors. 日落很美，色彩斑斓。

The wind was so strong that it blew down trees. 风太大了，把树吹倒了。

It rained heavily all day, causing flooding in some areas.
一整天都在下雨，导致某些地区发生洪水。

The snow was so deep that we couldn't go outside. 雪太深了，我们无法外出。

We had a thunderstorm with lightning and heavy rain.
我们经历了一场雷暴，伴有闪电和暴雨。

An earthquake struck the city, causing damage and casualties.

一场地震袭击了这座城市，造成了破坏和伤亡。

A volcanic eruption sent ash and lava into the air.
火山爆发，将火山灰和熔岩喷入空中。

A tsunami hit the coast, causing widespread destruction.
海啸袭击了海岸，造成了广泛破坏。

A hurricane brought heavy winds and rain to the region.
飓风给该地区带来了强风和暴雨。

高考英语听力高频场景词汇19：工作与职业(2)

1、Manager 经理

The manager is responsible for leading the team and achieving the company's goals.
经理负责领导团队并实现公司的目标。

2、HR Manager 人事经理

The HR Manager is responsible for招聘和培训新员工，以及处理员工福利问题。
人事经理负责招聘和培训新员工，以及处理员工福利问题。

3、General Manager 总经理

The general Manager has overall responsibility for the operations of the company.
总经理全面负责公司的运营。

4、Client 客户

Our main client is a large multinational company.
我们的主要客户是一家大型跨国公司。

5、Part-time Job 兼职工作

I work part-time as a tutor to earn extra income.
我兼职做家庭教师来赚取额外的收入。

6、Full-time Job 全职工作

I have a full-time job as a teacher at a high school.

我在一所高中担任全职教师。

7、Psychologist 心理学家

Psychologists study the mind and behavior of humans.

心理学家研究人类的心理和行为。

8、Principal 校长

The principal of the school is responsible for the overall operation of the school.

学校的校长负责学校的整体运营。

9、Professor 教授

She is a professor of English at the university.

她是大学里的英语教授。

10、Teacher 教师

My mother is a teacher at a primary school.

我妈妈是一所小学的老师。

11、Policeman 警察

The policeman was patrolling the streets of the city.

警察在城市的大街小巷巡逻。

12、Firefighter 消防员

Firefighters are brave men and women who risk their lives to save others.

消防员是英勇无畏、舍生忘死的男男女女。

13、Assistant 助理

She is the assistant to the managing director of the company.

她是公司总经理的助理。

14、Receptionist 接待员

The receptionist greeted me with a smile when I walked into the office.

接待员微笑着迎接我走进办公室。

15、Typist 打字员

She is a fast typist and can type 100 words per minute.

她打字很快，每分钟能打100个字。

16、Cashier 出纳员

The cashier counted the money in the till at the end of the day.

收银员在一天结束时清点抽屉里的钱。

17、Lawyer 律师

My father is a lawyer and he often represents clients in court.

我父亲是一名律师，经常在法庭上代理客户出庭。

18、Editor 编辑

The editor carefully proofread the manuscript before it was published.

编辑在出版之前仔细校对了手稿。

19、Reporter/Journalist 记者

The reporter interviewed several witnesses to the incident.

记者采访了该事件的几位目击者。

20、Author 作者

The author has written several books on the subject.

作者已经写了多本关于这个主题的书籍。

21、Writer 作家

She is a prolific writer and has published numerous books.

她是一位多产的作家，出版了多本书籍。

22、Artist 艺术家

The artist used a variety of media in his creative work.

艺术家在创作中使用了多种媒介。

23、Pianist 钢琴家

The pianist performed a breathtaking performance at the concert.

钢琴家在音乐会上表演了一场令人惊叹的演出。

24、Photographer 摄影师

The photographer captured the beauty of the landscape in his images.

摄影师在他的照片中捕捉到了风景的美丽。

25、Painter 画家

The painter used a palette knife to apply paint to the canvas.

画家使用调色刀将颜料涂抹在画布上。

26、Musician 音乐家

The musician played a haunting melody on his violin.

音乐家用小提琴演奏了一段令人难以忘怀的旋律。

27、Singer 歌唱家

The singer has a powerful voice and captivating stage presence.

歌唱家嗓音洪亮，舞台表现力强。

28、Designer 设计家

The designer created a unique and innovative concept for the fashion show.

设计师为时装秀创造了一个独特而新颖的概念。

29、Scientist 科学家

The scientist conducted experiments to test his theory.

科学家进行实验来检验他的理论。

30、Engineer 工程师

The engineer designed a bridge that could withstand earthquakes.

工程师设计了一座能够经受住地震的桥梁。

31、Actor/Actress 男演员/女演员

The actor/actress has won numerous awards for his/her performances.

这位男演员/女演员因他/她的表演赢得了许多奖项。

32、Architect 建筑师

The architect designed a modern and sustainable building.

建筑师设计了一座现代化且可持续发展的建筑。

33、Chef 厨师

The chef prepared a delicious meal for us using only fresh ingredients.

厨师只用新鲜食材为我们准备了一顿美味佳肴。

34、Educational background 教育背景

She has an MBA and a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration.

她拥有工商管理硕士学位和本科学位。

35、Retire 退休

My grandfather retired after working for the same company for 40 years.

祖父在同一家公司工作了40年后退休了。

36、Break 短暂休息

After a long day at work, she took a break to have a cup of coffee.

工作一整天后，她休息了一下，喝了杯咖啡。

