

《单词百科:urethritis是什么意思?urethritis怎么发音?urethritis的解释和用法》

英语单词urethritis是什么意思?urethritis怎么读?urethritis怎么发音?简答网为您整理了urethritis的解释、用法、例句、词组等相关学习资料。下面跟小编一起来看看吧!



urethritis怎么读

urethritis的读音:[j r θ r a t s]

urethritis的意思

1、n.尿道炎;

urethritis的双语例句

1、 Method Azithromycin was used to treat 746 patients with acute gonococcal urethritis.

方法应用阿奇霉素治疗急性淋菌性尿道炎746例.

2、 There may be a bacterial agent accompanying this inflammation, and cystitis urethritis may also be present.

膀胱感染越橘浓缩物是治疗膀胱炎等疾病的一种灵丹妙药.

3、 Cystitis and urethritis are complications of prolonged use of indwelling catheters.

膀胱炎和尿道炎是长期应用留置导尿管的并发症.

4、 Objective To investigate our hospital drug resistance situation for ureaplasma urealyticum of non - gonococcal urethritis and cervicitis.

目标相识我院非淋菌性尿道炎、宫颈炎支原体的耐药性情况.

5、 Objective : To find a therapeutic nonspecific urethritis (mucopurulent cervicitis) quickly and reduce cross infection.

目的: 寻求一种快速治疗非淋球菌性生殖道炎症 (粘液脓性宫颈炎) 和减少交叉感染的治疗方法.

6、 Objective To understand the status of candida infection in male non gonococcal urethritis (NGU) patients.

目的了解男性非淋菌性尿道炎 (NGU) 患者的念珠菌感染情况及临床特点.

7、 AIM : To compare the efficacy between doxycycline and clarithromycin in the treatment of gonococcal genito urethritis.

目的: 比较克拉霉素和多西环素治疗非淋菌性宫颈、尿道炎的疗效.

8、 Are urethritis of blame gonococcus sex and AIDS relative?

非淋菌性尿道炎与艾滋病有关系 吗 ?

9、 Result: There were 8 antibiotics to be the first choice to treating nongonococcal urethritis: SPE 、 POX 、 AZI 、 MIN 、 DOX 、 JAS 、 CLA and Fleroxacin.

结果: 目前治疗非淋菌性尿道炎的首选药物有8种抗生素,有壮观霉素、罗红霉素、阿齐霉素、美满霉素、强力霉素、交沙霉素、克拉霉素、氟罗沙星.

10、 Girl of 2 years old, how to get urethritis to do?

2岁的女孩子,得了尿道炎怎么办 啊 ?

11、Objective To study a method of treatment in acute gonococcal urethritis.

目的探索对急性淋菌性尿道炎的短程有效药物.

12、Objective : To investigate the bacteria in anterior urethra of male patients with gonococcal urethritis (NGU).

目的: 了解男性非淋菌性尿道炎 (NGU) 患者前尿道菌群分布情况.

以上是简答网为您整理的urethritis怎么读的相关信息，希望对大家有一定的帮助。查看更多

关于urethritis的

用法、urethritis的释义、urethri

tis的相关详情请点击：<https://dict.jiandongshicai.cn/urethritis>

