

《单词百科:pulmonary是什么意思?pulmonary怎么发音?pulmonary的解释和用法》

英语单词pulmonary是什么意思?pulmonary怎么读?pulmonary怎么发音?简答网为您整理了pulmonary的解释、用法、例句、词组等相关学习资料。下面跟小编一起来看一看吧!



pulmonary怎么读

pulmonary的读音:[p l m n ri]

pulmonary的意思

1、adj.肺的，肺部的;有肺[肺状器官]的，肺状的;患肺部疾病的，易患肺部疾病的;肺活量;

pulmonary的相关词组

1、acute pulmonary edema 急性肺水肿;

- 2、Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease [医]慢性阻塞性肺疾患，肺慢性阻塞性疾病;
- 3、pulmonary vein 肺静脉;
- 4、pulmonary valve [医]of pulmonary trunk肺动脉瓣：同valva trunci pulmonalis;
- 5、pulmonary tuberculosis 肺结核;
- 6、pulmonary fibrosis 肺纤维化;
- 7、Pulmonary Embolism 肺栓塞;
- 8、pulmonary edema 肺水肿;
- 9、pulmonary disease 肺病;
- 10、pulmonary artery 肺动脉;
- 11、pulmonary atrium 肺泡前房;
- 12、pulmonary anthrax 肺炭疽;
- 13、pulmonary alveoli 肺泡;
- 14、pulmonary abscess 肺脓肿;
- 15、pulmonary cyanosis [医]肺性发绀;
- 16、pulmonary congestion 肺充血;

pulmonary的近义词

- 1、lung n.肺;呼吸器官;[医]辅助呼吸的装置; 英 可供呼吸新鲜空气的地方;
- 2、pneumonic adj.肺的;肺炎的;
- 3、pulmonic adj.肺的，有肺的，由肺进行地;
- 4、respiratory adj.呼吸的;

pulmonary的双语例句

- 1、Except for the pulmonary artery the arterial blood is rich in oxygen.

除肺动脉之外,动脉血液中都富含氧气.

2、 Pulmonary arteries taper towards periphery.

肺动脉向周围逐渐变细.

3、 Objective To analyze the reason for the death of 33 patients with chronic pulmonary heart disease.

目的分析33例慢性肺源性心脏病死亡原因,总结临床经验.

4、 Pulmonary alveolar proteinosis (PAP) is an uncommon disease of the lung.

肺泡 蛋白质沉积 症 是一种少见的肺部疾病.

5、 Objective To study the effective surgical way for serious relapse multidrug resistant bacillary cavitary pulmonary tuberculosis.

目的寻找通过外科手段治疗内科无法根治的复治耐多药菌阳重症空洞型肺结核的有效途径.

6、 Objective To observe the clinical curative effects of intravenous nutritional support therapy for chronic pulmonary disease.

目的观察静脉营养支持疗法治疗慢性肺源性心脏病的临床疗效.

7、 Objective To explore the advantage of dyspnea differentiation index (DDI) for separation of cardiac vs pulmonary dyspnea.

目的 探讨气急鉴别指数 (dyspneadifferentiationindex, DDI) 判别肺源性呼吸困难与心源性呼吸困难的优越性.

8、 Pulmonary circulation also includes capillary circulation.

肺循环还包括毛细血管循环.

9、 Three slot like data ports offered diagnostic checks of his pulmonary, respiratory and neural systems.

三道狭槽形的数据端口提供肺部、呼吸和神经系统的诊断校验.

10、 Objective To probe the causes of death of coal miners pneumoconiosis complicated with pulmonary tuberculosis.

目的探讨煤工尘肺合并肺结核及其并发症的致死原因.

11、Pulmonary embolism (PE) is one of the common clinical pathological syndromes.

肺 栓塞 是常见的临床病理综合征之一.

12、He died from a pulmonary embolism.

他死于肺血栓。

13、Hemoptysis: tuberculosis, pulmonary embolism and primary lung cancer.

胸痛常伴有咯血: 肺结核、肺栓塞、原发性肺癌.

14、Nitrogen dioxide and ozone may cause pulmonary edema.

二氧化碳和臭氧可以引起肺水肿.

15、Maybe pulmonary edema was not in the cards for me after all.

也许我根本就不会得肺气肿.

16、This response results in pulmonary hypertension with right ventricular hypertrophy, a lethal disease.

这些反应导致了肺动脉高压并右心室肥厚-一种致命性疾病.

17、This method has cured fatal pulmonary hypertension in animals and is entering human trials.

这种做法已在动物身上治愈了致命的肺动脉高血压症,人体临床试验正展开中.

18、Nitric oxide (NO) content in pulmonary tissues was determined using nitrate enzyme reduction method.

同时用硝酸还原酶法测定肺动脉组织一氧化氮 (NO) 含量.

以上是简答网为您整理的pulmonary怎么读的相关信息，希望对大家有一定的帮助。

<https://dict.jiandongshicai.cn/pulmonary>

