

《高考英语完形填空真题3（含答案解析）》

2023年全国乙卷

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

To become the Olympic champion in the individual(个人) all-around event. Gabby Douglas had to leave everything she 41 best. She had to 42 her bedroom in Virginia. She had to say 43 to her two dogs and to the beach, where she loved to 44 waves on her board. But it was 45 to take the leap(飞跃), however 46 it would be. Even at 14, Douglas knew that. So she 47 about 1,200 miles away from home, to 48 with a coach from China. She lived with a family she had never 49 and everything was new to her.

As it turned out, Douglas did 50 what she needed to do to become Olympic champion when she 51 two Russians. The Chinese coach 52 Douglas into one of the best gymnasts in the 53, helping her skyrocket from an 54 member of the national team to the top of the sport. By 55 the Olympic all-around title, she became the first black woman to do so. She 56 the competition from beginning to end. She said she had felt 57 all along that she would win. Not so long ago, Martha Karolyi, the coordinator(联络人) of the women's national team, did not think Douglas had what it 58 to be an Olympian. As time went by, she thought 59 that she could make the London Games—and win.

"I'm going to inspire so many people," she said. "I'm ready to" And shine she did. 60

41. A. tried B. thought C. judge D. knew

42. A. take up B. pack up C. clean up D. do up

43. A. goodbye B. hello C. Thanks D. no

44. A. cause B. observe C. Ride D. strike

45. A. common B. time C. fun D. tough

46. A. breathtaking B. heartbreaking C. eye-catching D. head-spinning

47. A. dropped out B. moved on C. pulled over D. went off

48. A. reason B. Talk C. compete D. train

49. A. met B. helped C. understood D. needed
50. A. approximately B. gradually C. exactly D. possibly
51. A. defeated B. pleased C. respected D. assisted
52. A. forced B. transformed C. persuaded D. put
53. A. world B. city C. team D. state
54. A. amateur B. elected C. average D. enthusiastic
55. A. clarifying B. defending C. winning D. demanding
56. A. followed B. organized C. watched D. led
57. A. confident B. nervous C. excited D. uneasy
58. A. viewed B. appeared C. mattered D. took
59. A. now and then B. more and more C. far and wide D. on and on
60. A. shine B. fly C. dance D. score

答案及解析：

41. 答案：D

解析：根据后文描述，Gabby Douglas为了成为奥运冠军，不得不放弃很多她原本喜欢和珍视的东西。因此，这里用“knew”表示她清楚地知道并做出了选择，最为合适。其他选项如“tried”（尝试）、“thought”（认为）和“judge”（判断）在此语境下均不如“knew”贴切。

42. 答案：B

解析：“pack up”意为“收拾(行李等)”，符合后文她离开家的情境。而“take up”意为“开始从事”，“clean up”意为“打扫干净”，“do up”意为“整理好(衣物等)”，均不符合语境。

43. 答案：A

解析：根据前文“She had to leave everything”可知，她不得不离开，因此与两只狗和海滩说“goodbye”（再见）最为合适。其他选项如“hello”（你好）、“thanks”（谢谢）

和 “no ” (不) 均不符合语境。

44. 答案：C

解析：“ride waves”意为“冲浪”，符合她喜欢在海滩上冲浪的情境。而“cause waves”意为“引起波澜”，“observe waves”意为“观察海浪”，“strike waves”不是常见表达，均不符合语境。

45. 答案：D

解析：根据后文“however heartbreaking it would be”可知，这个决定虽然令人心碎，但她是下定决心要做的。因此，这里用“tough” (艰难的) 来形容这个决定最为合适。其他选项如“common” (常见的)、“time” (时间) 和“fun” (有趣的) 均不符合语境。

46. 答案：B

解析：根据前文“tough”可知，这个决定是艰难的，因此这里用“heartbreaking” (令人心碎的) 来形容她的感受最为合适。其他选项如“breathtaking” (惊人的)、“eye-catching” (引人注目的) 和“head-spinning” (令人眩晕的) 均不符合语境。

47. 答案：D

解析：“went off”意为“出发”，符合她离家1200英里去训练的情境。而“dropped out”意为“退出”，“moved on”意为“继续前进”，“pulled over”意为“靠边停车”，均不符合语境。

48. 答案：D

解析：根据前文“to take the leap”和“to an Olympic champion”可知，她是为了成为奥运冠军而去训练的，因此这里用“train” (训练) 最为合适。其他选项如“reason” (理由)、“talk” (谈话) 和“compete” (比赛) 均不符合语境。

49. 答案：A

解析：“met”意为“遇见”，符合她与一个从未见过的家庭一起生活的情境。而“helped” (帮助)、“understood” (理解) 和“needed” (需要) 均不符合语境。

50. 答案：C

解析：根据后文“what she needed to do to become Olympic champion”可知，她确实做了成为奥运冠军所需要做的每一件事，因此这里用“exactly” (确切地) 最为合适。其他选项如“approximately” (大约)、“gradually” (逐渐地) 和“possibly” (可能地) 均不符合语境。

均不符合语境。

51. 答案：A

解析：根据前文“did exactly what she needed to do to become Olympic champion”可知，她确实做了成为奥运冠军所需要做的每一件事，因此这里用“defeated”（击败）来表示她击败了两位俄罗斯选手，最为合适。其他选项如“pleased”（使高兴）、“respected”（尊重）和“assisted”（帮助）均不符合语境。

52. 答案：B

解析：“transformed”意为“改变”，符合教练将她从国家队普通成员转变为顶尖运动员的情境。而“forced”（强迫）、“persuaded”（说服）和“put”（放）均不符合语境。

53. 答案：A

解析：根据前文“Olympic champion”可知，这里指的是她在世界范围内的成就，因此用“world”（世界）最为合适。其他选项如“city”（城市）、“team”（团队）和“state”（州）均不符合语境。

54. 答案：C

解析：“average”意为“普通的”，符合她之前在国家队的普通成员身份。而“amateur”（业余的）、“elected”（选举的）和“enthusiastic”（热情的）均不符合语境。

55. 答案：C

解析：“winning”意为“赢得”，符合她赢得奥运全能冠军的情境。而“clarifying”（澄清）、“defending”（防守）和“demanding”（要求）均不符合语境。

56. 答案：D

解析：“led”意为“领导”，符合她在比赛中领先并赢得冠军的情境。而“followed”（跟随）、“organized”（组织）和“watched”（观看）均不符合语境。

57. 答案：A

解析：根据后文“that she would win”可知，她对自己赢得比赛充满信心，因此这里用“confident”（自信的）最为合适。其他选项如“nervous”（紧张的）、“excited”（兴奋的）和“uneasy”（不安的）均不符合语境。

58. 答案：D

解析：“it takes sth. to do sth.”意为“做某事需要某物/某事”，符合这里表示成为奥运选手需要的东西的语境。而“viewed”（看待）、“appeared”（出现）和“mattered”（重要）均不符合语境。

59. 答案：B

解析：“more and more”意为“越来越多地”，符合她越来越认为Douglas能够参加伦敦奥运会并赢得比赛的情境。而“now and then”（时不时地）、“far and wide”（广泛地）和“on and on”（不断地）均不符合语境。

60. 答案：A

解析：根据前文“And shine she did”可知，这里用“shine”（发光）作为结尾，表示Douglas确实在奥运会上发光发热，最为合适。其他选项如“fly”（飞翔）、“dance”（跳舞）和“score”（得分）均不符合语境。

