

## 《高考英语短文改错真题3（含答案解析）》

2022年全国甲卷

第一节短文改错 (共10小题;每小题1分, 满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换经改作文。请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处, 每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号( ), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改10处, 多者(从第1处起)不计分。

My father often took me to his hospital when I was off my school. He showed me how his medical instruments was used. I felt so closely to him. However, after I went to high school, somehow I become distant from him. I was unwilling talk with him and often disobeyed his rule of not stay out with my friends too late. The disagreement was too sharp that neither he nor I knew what to settle it. One day, he talked with me or hoped to mend our relations. With the efforts made by all sides, we began to understand each other better.

答案解析:

1. "off my school" 应改为 "off school", "off school" 是固定搭配, 意为“放学后”。
2. "was" 应改为 "were", 因为 "instruments" 是复数, 所以动词也要用复数形式。
3. "closely" 应改为 "close", "feel close to" 是固定搭配, 意为“感觉亲近”。
4. "become" 应改为 "became", 因为句子是过去时态。
5. talk 前面加 "to", 构成 "unwilling to talk"。
6. "stay" 应改为 "staying", 因为 "of" 后面应该跟名词或动名词。

7. "too "应改为 "so" , so that 表示 “ 以便 , 使得 ”。

8. "what "改为 “ how” , how 引导方式状语从句。

9. "or" 改为 “ and ” , 用 "and" 连接两个动作。

10. "all "

改为 “ both ” , 这里表示作者和父亲双方 , 用both , all一般用于三者或三者以上。

