

《单词百科:nuclei是什么意思?nuclei怎么发音?nuclei的解释和用法》

英语单词nuclei是什么意思?nuclei怎么读?nuclei怎么发音?简答网为您整理了nuclei的解释、用法、例句、词组等相关学习资料。下面跟小编一起来看看吧!



nuclei怎么读

nuclei的读音:['nju:kl a]

nuclei的意思

1、n.核，核心，原子核(nucleus的复数形); (原子)核(nucleus的名词复数);中心，核心;

nuclei的相关词组

1、basal nuclei 基底核，基底节;

2、caudate nucleus [医]尾状核：与侧脑室全长紧密相依的长形、弓状灰质，有头、体、尾。尾状核与壳核形成纹状体的功能单位（新纹状体）;

- 3、hypersegmented nuclei 超节段核
- 4、nucleus ruber 红核;
- 5、Nucleus accumbens 伏核;
- 6、pulposus nucleus 脉冲核
- 7、pedunclopontine nucleus [医]脚桥核;
- 8、raphe nuclei 中缝核;
- 9、lentiform nucleus 豆状核;
- 10、comet nucleus 彗核;彗星的固体核;是岩石和冰的混合物;接近太阳时会蒸发;
- 11、even-odd nuclei 偶-奇核;
- 12、arcuate nucleus 弓状核;
- 13、arcuate nuclei 弓状核;
- 14、antipodal nucleus 反足核;
- 15、anthracene nucleus 蒽环;
- 16、amygdaloid nucleus [医]杏仁核 : 同corpus amygdaloideum;
- 17、abducens nucleus 展神经核;
- 18、abducent nucleus [医]外展神经核;
- 19、cuneate nucleus 楔束核;
- 20、condensation nucleus 凝结核;

nuclei的双语例句

- 1、There are numerous amoeboid nuclei suspended in the organelle-rich cytoplasm.
在富含细胞器的细胞质中,有许多变形核.
- 2、Alpha particles are positively charged helium nuclei obtained from natural

radioactive decay.

粒子是从天然放射性蜕变得到的带正电的氦核.

3、 We get a buildup of electronic probability density between the nuclei.

我们得到在两个核间的电子几率密度的堆积.

4、 The electron clouds are clearly visible as blurs surrounding the invisible nuclei.

电子云就象环绕着看不见的核的一片云雾.

5、 Collectively , these two constituents of nuclei are known as nucleons.

这两种原子核的组分统称核子.

6、 As neutrons pass through matter, they make occasional elastic collisions with nuclei.

当中子穿过物质时,偶尔与核发生弹性碰撞.

7、 It is possible to transplant chromosomes in cell nuclei.

移植细胞核内的染色体是可能的.

8、 The chalazal parts of the endosperm containing free nuclei forms several lobes.

包含游离核的合点端胚乳部分形成几个裂片.

9、 Hyphae with nuclei of different genotypes can fuse to form a heterokaryon.

当含有两种不同基因型的菌丝融合在一起时,可以形成异核体.

10、 The polar and egg nuclei of the female gametophyte are genetically identical.

雌配子体中的极核和卵核遗传上是同一的.

11、 Much of what we know about nuclei comes through scattering experiments.

我们现在对原子核的许多认识来自散射实验.

12、 Embryo has most commonly eight genetically identical haploid nuclei.

胚囊,普通具有8个遗传上相同的单倍体核.

13、 Normally, nuclei are not completely isolated.

通常, 原子核并不是完全孤立的.

14、 In this process the nucleus breaks up into two intermediate-sized nuclei.

在这种过程中,那个原子核分裂成两个中等大小的核.

15、 That is, all nuclei have approximately the same density.

就是说, 所有原子核都几乎有相同的密度.

以上是简答网为您整理的nuclei怎么读的相关信息, 希望对大家有一定的帮助。查看更多关于nuclei的用

法、nuclei的释义、nuclei的相关详情请点击：<https://dict.jiandongshicai.cn/nuclei>

